## IL STAR - 2023 Field Form

"If you can't measure it, you can't improve it." - Peter Drucker

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For office use:		TAR	١
Points:	* =	®	\ \
STARs:	E.		9
		RERES	

Earmar/	Owner	Inform	ation:

Farmer/Owner Info	ormatic	n:						URE RES		
<b>1.</b> Name:					En	nail:				
<b>1.</b> Name: Phone: ()		S	Street/	City/Zi <sub>l</sub>	o:					
2. Field name:					3.	2023 Cr	op:	<b>4.</b> Acres:		
<b>5.</b> County:					6.	Sec/Township/Range:				
<b>7.</b> Owner:					<b>8.</b> l	s this fie	eld tile-drained	? □ Yes □ No		
I understand this field I	may be r	andoml	y select	ed for v	erificati	on. To th	e best of my kno	wledge, this information is correct arfreetool.com website.	:. I	
Signatur	e:					Date:				
field is awarded the This form documer Read every item ur Example of mult You would select Completely read ea	correct ints field ander each iple select "Winter ach state e Spring it about	point tactivities had categorians from hardy-sement. Strillage s	total a es begir ory. <u>Me</u> om the C single sp Several ection-	nd STA nning im ore than cover Cro necies" a have m "Any full u have	R Ratin amediat a one se aps section and "Wint aore tha width of selecte	ely after election is on- You pl ter kill- sir n one qu peration,	harvest in 2022 s possible, but so anted a cover crop agle species." alifier that need limited to a single	pass, where <u>no</u> fall tillage was	<u>t</u> . ed.	
□ Saturated Buffer □ Bioreactor □ Constructed Wetlan □ Terraces/Contours/ □ Grass Filter Strip/Ri □ Grass Waterway □ Pollinator Planting □ Windbreak  Now let's establish a	′WASCOE parian Bu (a ½ acre	uffer minimu		i field.			Nitrogen rate stu You attended a s meeting or field Nutrient manage advisement Enrolled in Feder	in that reduces sheet/rill erosion to ady conducted oil health or nutrient management day within the last year ement plan and/or field is under CCA ral/State/Local Conservation Program 022 STAR evaluation for this field	Ą	
10. <u>Crop Rotation</u> - u history on this field.	se an "X"	' to indi	cate the	: 5-year	crop			ummer 2022-Spring 2023)- Establisl nes (must have some growth):	hed	
Crop Corn Soybean Small Grain: Hay/Forage: Other:	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		Winter hardy- si Winter hardy- 2 Winter kill- singl Winter kill- 2 or Cover crop was 1 2023 cash crop p	or more species e species more species terminated AFTER spring		

**Example:** A field has been in corn/soybean rotation for over a decade. In 2023 it was planted to corn. Place an "X" adjacent to corn for the years 2023, 2021, 2019. Soybean would have an "X" for 2022, 2020. If your crop is not listed, i.e. Grain Sorghum, write your crop on the line and mark "X" in the year(s) planted. <u>Do not record cover crops here</u>.

**Discussion:** Time period varies slightly here. Any cover crops established in 2022 either prior to harvest or after a summer crop was harvested count. Examples: aerial application into standing corn or drilling after wheat harvest. Wheat is not considered to be a cover crop.

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12.	Soil Sampling- Use the previous 4-year field history:				
	Sampled every 4 years or less Spring or Summer sampled Fall sampled		<b>Discussion:</b> Here is a great example of why you should read every item in each category. If a respondent simply marked "Sampled every 4 years or less" they may have missed points if they didn't indicate when the field was sampled or if GPS was used.		
Alm	ost done. The next category is tillage practices broke	n dov	vn into Fall 2022 and Spring 2023 categories.		
13.	Fall Tillage - Starting after harvest of the 2022 crop:				
	<ul> <li>Strip tillage on field classified as non-HEL</li> <li>Shank type fertilizer bar <u>and</u> no other tillage performed</li> <li>Any full width operation <u>not</u> exceeding a 3" depth</li> <li>Any full width operation exceeding a 3" depth</li> </ul>		<b>Discussion:</b> With numerous possibilities for soil preparation, we elected to keep the options fairly simple. No tillage and strip tillage are easily definable. Full-width tillage can be tricky. In the fall, focus on the depth of machine operation and also note if soybean residue was tilled. In the spring, how many passes were made and was fall tillage performed?		
14.	Spring Tillage - 2023 field operations:				
	No tillage or low disturbance fertilizer toolbar Strip tillage or Strip freshener on non-HEL field, or shank type fe Any full width operation, limited to a single pass, where <u>no</u> fall tilla Any full width operation, two or more passes, where <u>no</u> fall tillage	tillage v ge was	was performed s performed		
brol	ally, your nutrient management strategies are a large ken these into two sections defined by specific time per e occurred at any time during the crop year being rev	eriod	ls. A third section reviews activities that may		
15.	Nutrient Management (Fall 2022 – February 2023):	16.	Nutrient Management (March 1st - Summer 2023):		
	No Nitrogen was applied in this time frame other than MAP or DAP Wheat topdress MAP or DAP was applied before December 1 <sup>st</sup>		No Nitrogen was applied in this time frame AND no prior Fall 2022-February 2023 Nitrogen other than MAP or DAP Spring/Summer nitrogen application(s) amounted to		
	NH <sub>3</sub> was applied when the soil temperature was below 50 degrees, and amounted to no more than 50% of		50% - 74% of the total N Program (from all sources) Spring/Summer nitrogen application(s) amounted to at		
	the total Nitrogen program, <u>and</u> included an inhibitor More than 50% of the nitrogen program was applied		least 75% of the total N Program (from all sources) In-season N application (top or sidedress) was at least		
	during this time frame.  Manure/Biosolid injected or applied and incorporated when soil temperature was below 50 degrees.  Manure applied, not incorporated		25% of the total N Program (from all sources)  Manure/Biosolid injected or applied and incorporated  Manure applied, not incorporated		
17.	Additional Nutrient Activities:				
	Total Nitrogen applied on corn that followed a different crop was 181 to 200 lbs./acre, OR corn-on-corn was 201 to 220 lbs./acre  Total Nitrogen applied on corn that followed a different crop was 180 lbs. or LESS/acre,				
	OR corn-on-corn was 200 lbs. or LESS/acre Phosphorus and/or Potassium application based on removal ra At least 50% of total applied phosphorus was banded subsurfact Used Triple Super Phosphate (0-45-0) Used Variable Rate Technology application	ce			
	Any fertilizer source containing Nitrogen or Phosphorus was br	oadcas	st on <i>frozen</i> or <i>snow-covered</i> ground		